

# Tetra-amelia syndrome

### Description

Tetra-amelia syndrome (sometimes known as TETAMS) is a very rare disorder characterized by the absence of all four limbs. ("Tetra" is the Greek word for "four," and " amelia" refers to the failure of an arm or leg to develop before birth.)

This syndrome can also cause severe malformations of other parts of the body, including the nervous system, face, head, heart, skeleton, gastrointestinal system, urinary tract, and genitalia. The lungs are underdeveloped in many cases, which makes breathing difficult or impossible. Because children with tetra-amelia syndrome have such serious medical problems, most are stillborn or die shortly after birth.

There are two forms of tetra-amelia syndrome that have been described, and while the features overlap, they are distinguished by their signs and symptoms and genetic cause.

Tetra-amelia syndrome type 1 is typically characterized by severe gastrointestinal problems. These problems include an opening in the abdomen through which various abdominal organs can protrude(abdominal wall defect), abnormalities in the muscle ( diaphragm) that separates the organs in the abdomen from those in the chest, and lack of an anal opening (imperforate anus). People with type 1 also tend to have frequent urinary tract problems, such as a lack of kidney development (renal agenesis).

Tetra-amelia syndrome type 2 is usually characterized by complete absence of both lungs. Affected individuals often have heart abnormalities, such as defects in the walls between the chambers of the heart (septal defects) or absence of the mitral valve, which connects the two left chambers of the heart. People with type 2 can also have facial abnormalities that include partial or complete fusion of the upper and lower eyelids, the bottom of the tongue attached to the floor of the mouth, or a small lower jaw (micrognathia).

### Frequency

Tetra-amelia syndrome is a very rare condition that has been described in only a few families worldwide. Because this condition is so severe, the frequency is reported to be at least 30 times higher among stillbirths than among live births.

### Causes

Variants (also called mutations) in two genes have been found to cause tetra-amelia syndrome. Variants in the *WNT3* gene cause tetra-amelia syndrome type 1 and variants in the RSPO2 gene cause tetra-amelia syndrome type 2.

The *WNT3* gene is one of a family of WNT genes that are part of a process called Wnt signaling, which is involved in regulating cell growth and development before birth. The protein produced from the *WNT3* gene is particularly involved in the formation of the limbs and neurological development.

The *RSPO2* gene provides instructions for making a protein called R-spondin-2. The role of this protein is to increase Wnt signaling. Specifically, R-spondin-2, attaches ( binds) to certain proteins on the surface of cells to turn off (inactivate) proteins that block Wnt signaling.

The variants in the *WNT3* or *RSPO2* gene that cause tetra-amelia syndrome likely prevent cells from producing any functional protein. As a result, Wnt signaling is impaired and normal limb formation is disrupted, which leads to the serious birth defects associated with tetra-amelia syndrome types 1 and 2.

In some affected individuals, the cause of tetra-amelia syndrome has not been determined. Researchers believe that unidentified mutations in *WNT3*, *RSPO2*, or other genes involved in limb development are probably responsible for the disorder in these cases.

Learn more about the genes associated with Tetra-amelia syndrome

- RSPO2
- WNT3

### Inheritance

Tetra-amelia syndrome appears to have an autosomal recessive pattern of inheritance. Autosomal recessive inheritance means both copies of the gene in each cell have mutations. The parents of an individual with tetra-amelia syndrome each carry one copy of the mutated gene, but do not show signs and symptoms of the condition.

### **Other Names for This Condition**

- TETAMS
- Tetra-amelia
- Tetra-amelia, autosomal recessive

## Additional Information & Resources

#### Genetic Testing Information

- Genetic Testing Registry: Tetraamelia syndrome 1 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr /conditions/C4012268/)
- Genetic Testing Registry: TETRAAMELIA SYNDROME 2 (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih. gov/gtr/conditions/C4747923/)

#### Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

• Tetra-amelia (https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/5148/index)

#### Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

• National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD) (https://rarediseases.org/)

#### Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

- TETRAAMELIA SYNDROME 1; TETAMS1 (https://omim.org/entry/273395)
- TETRAAMELIA SYNDROME 2; TETAMS2 (https://omim.org/entry/618021)

#### Scientific Articles on PubMed

 PubMed (https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/?term=%28%28tetra-amelia%5BTIAB%5 D%29+OR+%28tetraamelia%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND +human%5Bmh%5D)

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