

# 5q minus syndrome

# Description

5q minus (5q-) syndrome is a type of bone marrow disorder called myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS). MDS comprises a group of conditions in which immature blood cells fail to develop normally, resulting in too many immature cells and too few normal mature blood cells. In 5q- syndrome, development of red blood cells is particularly affected, leading to a shortage of these cells (anemia). In addition, the red blood cells that are present are unusually large (macrocytic). Although many people with 5q- syndrome have no symptoms related to anemia, especially in the early stages of the condition, some affected individuals develop extreme tiredness (fatigue), weakness, and an abnormally pale appearance (pallor) as the condition worsens. Individuals with 5q-syndrome also have abnormal development of bone marrow cells called megakaryocytes, which produce platelets, the cells involved in blood clotting. A common finding in people with 5q- syndrome is abnormal cells described as hypolobated megakaryocytes. In addition, some individuals with 5q- syndrome have an excess of platelets, while others have normal numbers of platelets.

MDS is considered a slow-growing (chronic) blood cancer. It can progress to a fastgrowing blood cancer called acute myeloid leukemia (AML). Progression to AML occurs less commonly in people with 5q- syndrome than in those with other forms of MDS.

### Frequency

MDS affects nearly 1 in 20,000 people in the United States. It is thought that 5qsyndrome accounts for 15 percent of MDS cases. Unlike other forms of MDS, which occur more frequently in men than women, 5q- syndrome is more than twice as common in women.

### Causes

5q- syndrome is caused by deletion of a region of DNA from the long (q) arm of chromosome 5. Most people with 5q- syndrome are missing a sequence of about 1.5 million DNA building blocks (base pairs), also written as 1.5 megabases (Mb). However, the size of the deleted region varies. This deletion occurs in immature blood cells during a person's lifetime and affects one of the two copies of chromosome 5 in each cell.

The commonly deleted region of DNA contains 40 genes, many of which play a critical

role in normal blood cell development. Research suggests that loss of multiple genes in this region contributes to the features of 5q- syndrome. Loss of the *RPS14* gene leads to the problems with red blood cell development characteristic of 5q- syndrome, and loss of *MIR145* or *MIR146A* contributes to the megakaryocyte and platelet abnormalities and may promote the overgrowth of immature cells. Scientists are still determining how the loss of other genes in the deleted region might be involved in the features of 5q- syndrome.

Learn more about the genes and chromosome associated with 5q minus syndrome

- MIR145
- MIR146A
- RPS14
- chromosome 5

# Inheritance

This condition is generally not inherited but arises from a mutation in the body's cells that occurs after conception. This alteration is called a somatic mutation. Affected people typically have no history of the disorder in their family.

# **Other Names for This Condition**

- 5q- syndrome
- Chromosome 5q deletion syndrome
- Myelodysplastic syndrome associated with isolated del(5q) chromosome abnormality
- Myelodysplastic syndrome with 5q deletion
- Myelodysplastic syndrome with 5q deletion syndrome
- Refractory macrocytic anemia due to 5q deletion

# Additional Information & Resources

#### **Genetic Testing Information**

 Genetic Testing Registry: Myelodysplastic syndrome associated with isolated del(5q) (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C0740302/)

### Genetic and Rare Diseases Information Center

 Myelodysplastic syndrome associated with isolated del(5q) chromosome abnormality (https://rarediseases.info.nih.gov/diseases/8723/index)

# Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

• National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD) (https://rarediseases.org/)

### **Clinical Trials**

ClinicalTrials.gov (https://clinicaltrials.gov/search?cond=%225q minus syndrome%2
2)

# Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM

• CHROMOSOME 5q DELETION SYNDROME (https://omim.org/entry/153550)

### Scientific Articles on PubMed

 PubMed (https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/?term=%28Myelodysplastic+Syndromes %5BMAJR%5D%29+AND+%28%285q+minus+syndrome%5BTIAB%5D%29+OR+ %285q-+syndrome%5BTIAB%5D%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human %5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+1800+days%22%5Bdp%5D)

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